



### **ANNEX C: SOCIAL SCIENCES**

Primary Area: Individuals, Markets and Organisations

Disciplines: Economics, finance, management

### Sub-disciplines including but not limited to:

- Macroeconomics; monetary economics; economic growth
- International trade; international management; international business; spatial economics
- Development economics; structural change; political economy of development
- Finance; asset pricing; international finance; market microstructure
- Corporate finance; banking and financial intermediation; accounting; auditing; insurance
- Econometrics; operations research
- Behavioural economics; experimental economics; neuro-economics
- Microeconomic theory; game theory; decision theory
- Industrial organisation; entrepreneurship; R&D and innovation
- Management; strategy; organisational behaviour
- Human resource management; operations management, marketing
- Environmental economics; resource and energy economics; agricultural economics
- Labour and demographic economics
- Health economics; economics of education
- Public economics; political economics; law and economics
- Historical economics; quantitative economic history; institutional economics; economic systems

### Primary Area: Institutions, Governance and Legal Systems

## Disciplines: Political science, international relations, law

# Sub-disciplines including but not limited to:

- Political systems, governance
- Democratisation and social movements
- Conflict resolution, war, peace building, international law
- Legal studies, constitutions, human rights, comparative law
- International relations, global and transnational governance
- Humanitarian assistance and development
- Political and legal philosophy
- Big data in political and legal studies





## Primary Area: The Social World and Its Diversity

Disciplines: Sociology, social psychology, social anthropology, education sciences, communication studies

Sub-disciplines including but not limited to:

- Social structure, social mobility, social innovation
- Inequalities, discrimination, prejudice
- Aggression and violence, antisocial behaviour, crime
- Social integration, exclusion, prosocial behaviour
- Attitudes and beliefs
- Social influence; power and group behaviour
- Kinship; diversity and identities, gender, interethnic relations
- Social policies, welfare, work and employment
- Poverty and poverty alleviation
- Religious studies, ritual; symbolic representation
- SSocial aspects of teaching and learning, curriculum studies, education and educational policies
- Communication and information, networks, media
- Digital social research
- Social studies of science and technology

## Primary Area: Human Mobility, Environment, and Space

Disciplines: Human geography, demography, health, sustainability science, territorial planning, spatial analysis

Sub-disciplines including but not limited to:

- Human, economic and social geography
- Migration
- Population dynamics: households, family and fertility
- Social aspects of health, ageing and society
- Sustainability sciences, environment and resources
- Environmental and climate change, societal impact and policy
- Cities; urban, regional and rural studies
- Land use and planning
- Energy, transportation and mobility
- GIS, spatial analysis; big data in geographical studies





Primary Area: The Human Mind and Its Complexity

Disciplines: Cognitive science, psychology

Sub-disciplines including but not limited to:

- Cognitive basis of human development and education, developmental disorders; comparative cognition
- Personality and social cognition; emotion
- Clinical and health psychology
- Neuropsychology
- Attention, perception, action, consciousness
- Learning, memory; cognition in ageing
- Reasoning, decision-making; intelligence